

Repairing Broken Flexible Shafts

1. Step One

If the Flexible shaft has a broken Drive Coupling or Shaft Coupling, it can easily be fixed with a Flexible Shaft Hydraulic Tool (FSHT) and the associated drive or tool coupling.

2. Step Two

First, cut back the casing cover and cut through the flexible steel cable using a bench grinder with cut-off blade. Grind off the frayed end of the flexible shaft.

(Note: professionally welding or fusing the end adds life / strength to cable)
(See Diagram Shaft Welded)

3. Step Three

Insert new Drive Coupling or Shaft Coupling device onto the shaft and insert into the FSHT (See Diagram How to Crimp).

Ensure when you insert the Coupling Device or Drive Tool, they are flush with the FSHT

4. Step Four

Using the adjustable handles Crimp the new shaft and coupling.

The applied force is automatic set.

You are now ready to restart work.



Drive Coupling



Shaft Coupling



Shaft Welded



How To Crimp



Hydraulic Crimp

Maintenance Of Flexible Shaft

1. Step One

Proper maintenance will extend the life of your shaft.

The shaft is coated with a lubricant which will repel water and reduce the build-up of rust.

As with any mechanical device, you must take certain steps ensure it is in good operating condition.

2. Step Two

After every use, inspect the drive / tool couplings.

Inspect the flexible steel shaft, all fittings and the casings for abrasions

3. Step Three

Dry the flexible shaft, and remove any debris by blowing compressed air through it.

Using Shaft Lubricator (SL100),

4. Step Four

Using the Shaft Lubricator (SL100), connect the flexible shaft to it.

Connect an airline (max 150psi) to the Shaft Lubricator (SL 100) and cover the entire shaft with the fluid.

You will see a mist of fluid exit at the far end of the shaft.

5. Flow Adjustment Site Glass

By hand turning the site glass increase or decrease fluid flow.

